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P2-16-3-4

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CODE

Time: 3 Hours

IITJEFAdvance 2016 Maximum Marks: 186 22/5/2016

READ THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

GENERAL

- This sealed booklet is your Question Paper. Do not break the seal till you are told to do so.
- The paper CODE is printed on the right hand top corner of this sheet and the right hand top corner of the back cover of this booklet.
- Use the Optical Response Sheet (ORS) provided separately for answering the guestions.
- The paper CODE is printed on the left part as well as the right part of the ORS. Ensure that both these codes are identical and same as that on the question paper booklet. If not, contact the invigilator for change of ORS.
- Blank spaces are provided within this booklet for rough work. 5.
- Write your name, roll number and sign in the space provided on the back cover of this booklet.
- 7. After breaking the seal of the booklet at 2:00 pm, verify that the booklet contains 36 pages and that all the 54 questions along with the options are legible. If not, contact the invigilator for replacement of the booklet.
- You are allowed to take away the Question Paper at the end of the examination.

OPTICAL RESPONSE SHEET

- The ORS (top sheet) will be provided with an attached Candidate's Sheet (bottom sheet). The Candidate's Sheet is a carbon-less copy of the ORS.
- 10. Darken the appropriate bubbles on the ORS by applying sufficient pressure. This will leave an impression at the corresponding place on the Candidate's Sheet.
- 11. The ORS will be collected by the invigilator at the end of the examination.
- 12. You will be allowed to take away the Candidate's Sheet at the end of the examination.
- 13. Do not tamper with or mutilate the ORS. Do not use the ORS for rough work.
- 14. Write your name, roll number and code of the examination center, and sign with pen in the space provided for this purpose on the ORS. Do not write any of these details anywhere else on the ORS. Darken the appropriate bubble under each digit of your roll number.

DARKENING THE BUBBLES ON THE ORS

- 15. Use a BLACK BALL POINT PEN to darken the bubbles on the ORS.
- 16. Darken the bubble () COMPLETELY.
- 17. The correct way of darkening a bubble is as:
- 18. The ORS is machine-gradable. Ensure that the bubbles are darkened in the correct way.
- 19. Darken the bubbles ONLY IF you are sure of the answer. There is NO WAY to erase or "un-darken" a darkened bubble.

Please see the last page of this booklet for rest of the instructions.



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SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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PART I: PHYSICS

SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks: 18)

- This section contains SIX questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is correct.
- For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct option in the ORS.
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks

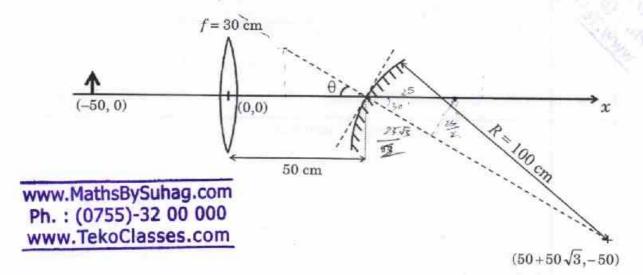
: +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened.

Zero Marks

: 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened.

Negative Marks: -1 In all other cases.

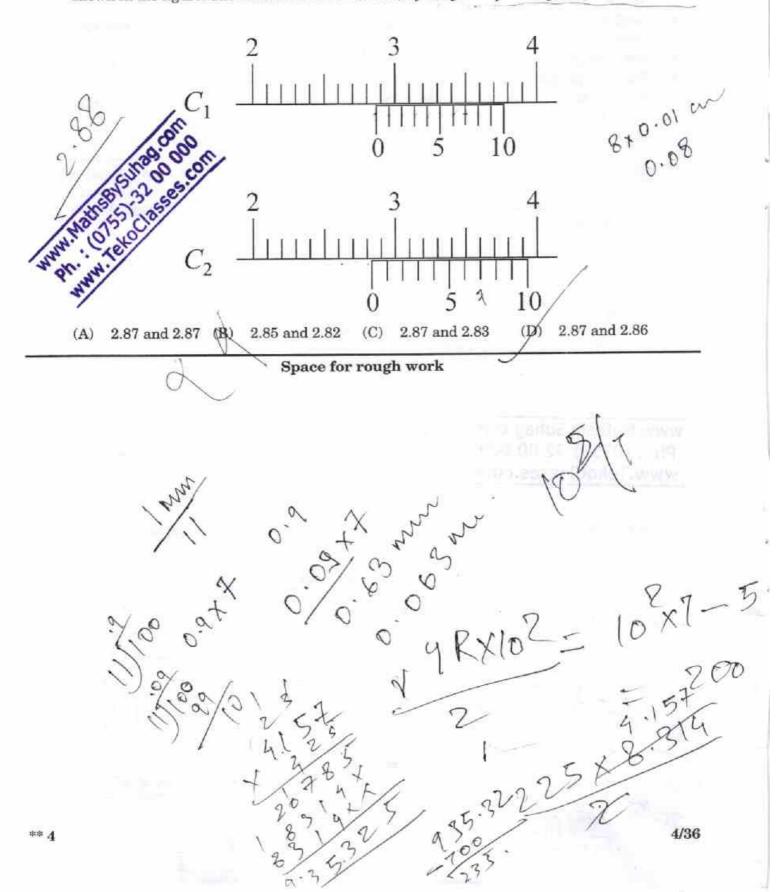
Q.1 A small object is placed 50 cm to the left of a thin convex lens of focal length 30 cm. A convex spherical mirror of radius of curvature 100 cm is placed to the right of the lens at a distance of 50 cm. The mirror is tilted such that the axis of the mirror is at an angle $\theta = 30^{\circ}$ to the axis of the lens, as shown in the figure.



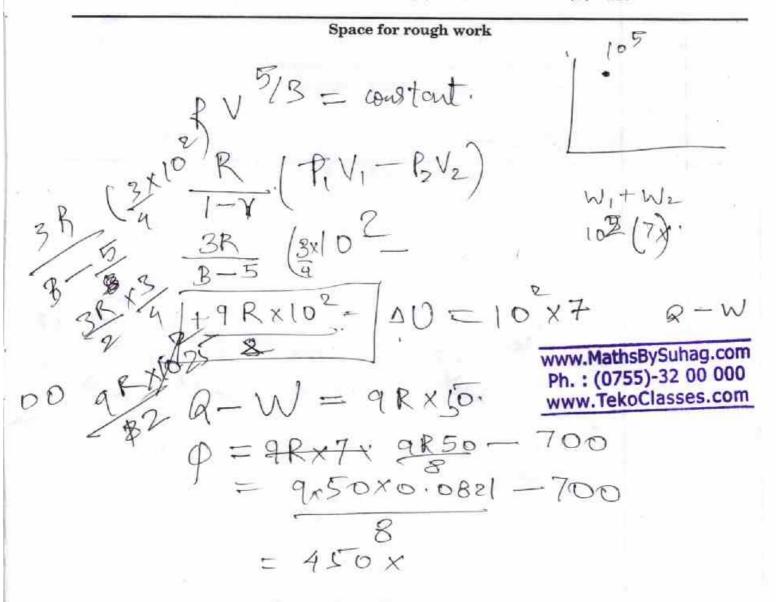
If the origin of the coordinate system is taken to be at the centre of the lens, the coordinates (in cm) of the point (x,y) at which the image is formed are

(A) $(125/3, 25/\sqrt{3})$ (B) (0,0) (G) $(50-25\sqrt{3}, 25)$ (D) $(25, 25\sqrt{3})$ Space for rough work $\frac{4-\sqrt{3}}{1-\frac{1}{50}} = \frac{1}{30} = \frac{1}{50} = \frac{1}{150} = \frac{$

Q.2 There are two Vernier calipers both of which have 1 cm divided into 10 equal divisions on the main scale. The Vernier scale of one of the calipers (C₁) has 10 equal divisions that correspond to 9 main scale divisions. The Vernier scale of the other caliper (C₂) has 10 equal divisions that correspond to 11 main scale divisions. The readings of the two calipers are shown in the figure. The measured values (in cm) by calipers C₁ and C₂, respectively, are



- Q.3 A gas is enclosed in a cylinder with a movable frictionless piston. Its initial thermodynamic state at pressure $P_i = 10^5 \, \mathrm{Pa}$ and volume $V_i = 10^{-3} \, \mathrm{m}^3$ changes to a final state at $P_f = (1/32) \times 10^5 \, \mathrm{Pa}$ and $V_f = 8 \times 10^{-3} \, \mathrm{m}^3$ in an adiabatic quasi-static process, such that $P^3 V^5 = \mathrm{constant}$. Consider another thermodynamic process that brings the system from the same initial state to the same final state in two steps: an isobaric expansion at P_i followed by an isochoric (isovolumetric) process at volume V_f . The amount of heat supplied to the system in the two-step process is approximately
 - (A) 112 J
- (B) 294 J
- (C) 588 J
- (D) 813 J
- Q.4 An accident in a nuclear laboratory resulted in deposition of a certain amount of radioactive material of half-life 18 days inside the laboratory. Tests revealed that the radiation was 64 times more than the permissible level required for safe operation of the laboratory. What is the minimum number of days after which the laboratory can be considered safe for use?
 - (A) 64
- (B) 90
- (C) 108
- (D) 120



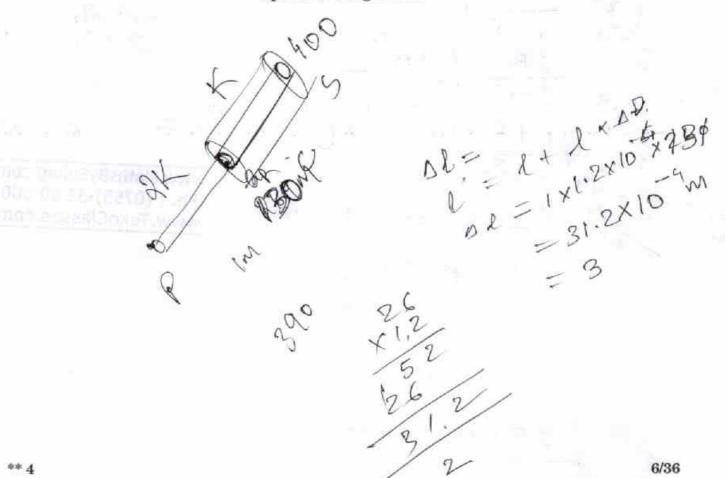
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- The ends Q and R of two thin wires, PQ and RS, are soldered (joined) together. Initially each Q.5of the wires has a length of 1 m at 10 °C. Now the end P is maintained at 10 °C, while the end S is heated and maintained at 400 °C. The system is thermally insulated from its surroundings. If the thermal conductivity of wire PQ is twice that of the wire RS and the coefficient of linear thermal expansion of PQ is 1,2 × 10-5 K-1, the change in length of the wire PQ is
 - (A) 0.78 mm
- 0.90 mm (B)
- 1.56 mm
- 2.34 mm
- The electrostatic energy of Z protons uniformly distributed throughout a spherical nucleus Q.6 www.MathsBySuhag.com of radius R is given by

 $E = \frac{3}{5} \frac{Z(Z-1)e^2}{4\pi \varepsilon_0 R}$ Ph.: (0755)-32 00 000 www.TekoClasses.com

The measured masses of the neutron, 1_1H , ${}^{15}_7N$ and ${}^{15}_8O$ are 1.008665 u, 1.007825 u, 15.000109 u and 15.003065 u, respectively. Given that the radii of both the $^{15}_{7}N$ and $^{15}_{8}O$ nuclei are same, 1 u = 931.5 MeV/ c^2 (c is the speed of light) and $e^2/(4\pi\varepsilon_0)=1.44$ MeV fm. Assuming that the difference between the binding energies of ¹⁵₇N and ¹⁵₈O is purely due to the electrostatic energy, the radius of either of the nuclei is

- $(1 \text{ fm} = 10^{-15} \text{ m})$
- (A) 2.85 fm
- PB) 3.03 fm
- (C) $3.42 \, \mathrm{fm}$
- 3.80 fm (D)



SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks: 32)

- This section contains EIGHT questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four option(s) is(are) correct.
- For each question, darken the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s) in the ORS.
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

: +4 If only the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s)

is(are) darkened.

For darkening a bubble corresponding to each correct option, Partial Marks : +1 provided NO incorrect option is darkened.

Zero Marks

(B)

If none of the bubbles is darkened.

Negative Marks : -2 In all other cases.

- For example, if (A), (C) and (D) are all the correct options for a question, darkening all these three will result in +4 marks; darkening only (A) and (D) will result in +2 marks; and darkening (A) and (B) will result in -2 marks, as a wrong option is also darkened.
- Q.7A block with mass M is connected by a massless spring with stiffness constant k to a rigid wall and moves without friction on a horizontal surface. The block oscillates with small amplitude A about an equilibrium position x_0 . Consider two cases: (i) when the block is at x_0 ; and (ii) when the block is at $x = x_0 + A$. In both the cases, a particle with mass m(< M)is softly placed on the block after which they stick to each other. Which of the following statement(s) is (are) true about the motion after the mass m is placed on the mass M?

(A) The amplitude of oscillation in the first case changes by a factor of .

in the second case it remains unchanged

The final time period of oscillation in both the cases is same

The total energy decreases in both the cases

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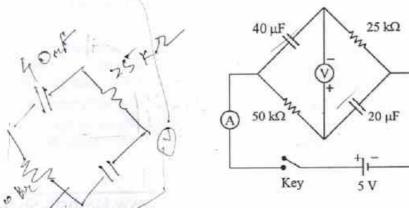
The instantaneous speed at x_0 of the combined masses decreases in both the cases

Space for rough work

T = 25

- Q.8 In an experiment to determine the acceleration due to gravity g, the formula used for the time period of a periodic motion is $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{7(R-r)}{5g}}$. The values of R and r are measured to be (60 ± 1) mm and (10 ± 1) mm, respectively. In five successive measurements, the time period is found to be 0.52 s, 0.56 s, 0.57 s, 0.54 s and 0.59 s. The least count of the watch used for the measurement of time period is 0.01 s. Which of the following statement(s) is(are) true?
 - (A) The error in the measurement of r is 10%
 - (B) The error in the measurement of T is 3.57%
 - (C) The error in the measurement of T is 2%
 - (D) The error in the determined value of g is 11%
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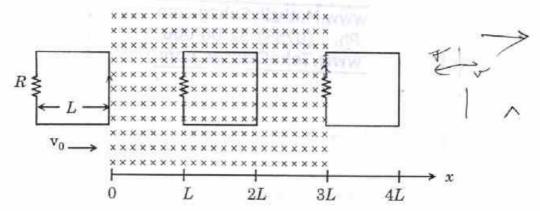
Q.9 In the circuit shown below, the key is pressed at time t = 0. Which of the following statement(s) is(are) true?



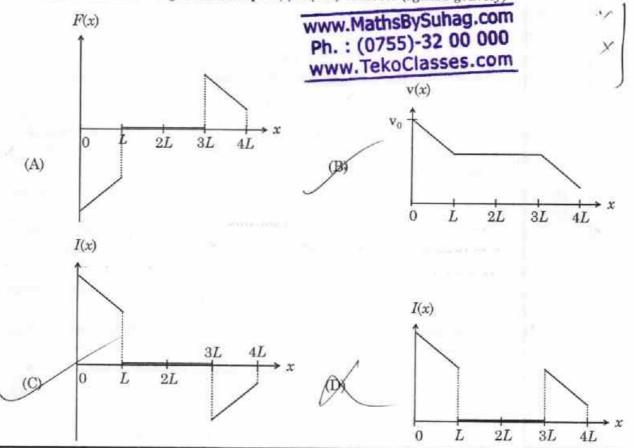
- (A) The voltmeter displays -5 V as soon as the key is pressed, and displays +5 V after a long time
- (B) The voltmeter will display 0 V at time $t = \ln 2$ seconds
- (2) The current in the ammeter becomes 1/e of the initial value after 1 second
- (D) The current in the ammeter becomes zero after a long time



Q.10 A rigid wire loop of square shape having side of length L and resistance R is moving along the x-axis with a constant velocity v₀ in the plane of the paper. At t = 0, the right edge of the loop enters a region of length 3L where there is a uniform magnetic field B₀ into the plane of the paper, as shown in the figure. For sufficiently large v₀, the loop eventually crosses the region. Let x be the location of the right edge of the loop. Let v(x), I(x) and F(x) represent the velocity of the loop, current in the loop, and force on the loop, respectively, as a function of x. Counter-clockwise current is taken as positive.



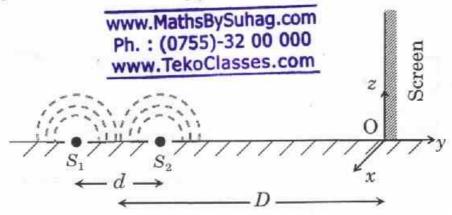
Which of the following schematic plot(s) is(are) correct? (Ignore gravity)



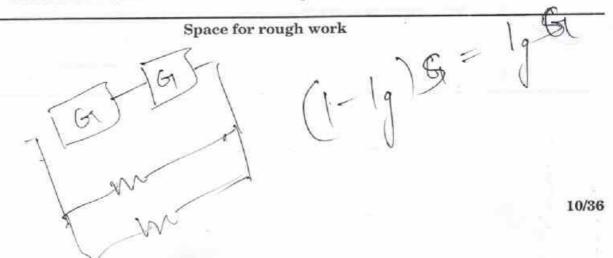
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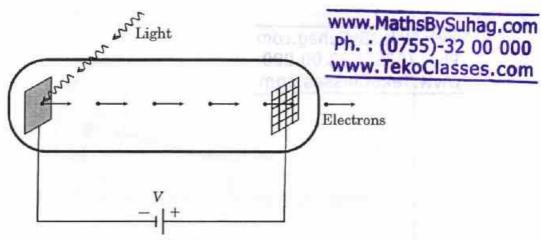
Q.11 While conducting the Young's double slit experiment, a student replaced the two slits with a large opaque plate in the x-y plane containing two small holes that act as two coherent point sources (S_1, S_2) emitting light of wavelength 600 nm. The student mistakenly placed the screen parallel to the x-z plane (for z > 0) at a distance D = 3 m from the mid-point of S_1S_2 , as shown schematically in the figure. The distance between the sources d = 0.6003 mm. The origin O is at the intersection of the screen and the line joining S_1S_2 . Which of the following is(are) true of the intensity pattern on the screen?



- (A) Semi circular bright and dark bands centered at point O
- (B) Straight bright and dark bands parallel to the x-axis
- (C) The region very close to the point O will be dark
- (D) Hyperbolic bright and dark bands with foci symmetrically placed about O in the x-direction
- Q.12 Consider two identical galvanometers and two identical resistors with resistance R. If the internal resistance of the galvanometers R_C < R/2, which of the following statement(s) about any one of the galvanometers is(are) true?</p>
 - (A) The maximum voltage range is obtained when all the components are connected in
 - The maximum voltage range is obtained when the two resistors and one galvanometer are connected in series, and the second galvanometer is connected in parallel to the first galvanometer
 - (C) The maximum current range is obtained when all the components are connected in parallel
 - (D) The maximum current range is obtained when the two galvanometers are connected in series and the combination is connected in parallel with both the resistors



Q.13 Light of wavelength λ_{ph} falls on a cathode plate inside a vacuum tube as shown in the figure. The work function of the cathode surface is φ and the anode is a wire mesh of conducting material kept at a distance d from the cathode. A potential difference V is maintained between the electrodes. If the minimum de Broglie wavelength of the electrons passing through the anode is λ_e, which of the following statement(s) is(are) true?



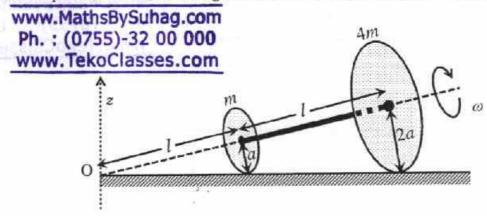
(A) leinc

 λ_e increases at the same rate as λ_{ph} for $\lambda_{ph} < hc/\phi$

- OBY
- λ_e decreases with increase in ϕ and λ_{ph}
- (C) λ_e is approximately halved, if d is doubled
- (D) For large potential difference (V >> φ/e), λ_e is approximately halved if V is made four times



Q.14 Two thin circular discs of mass m and 4m, having radii of a and 2a, respectively, are rigidly fixed by a massless, rigid rod of length $l = \sqrt{24} \, a$ through their centers. This assembly is laid on a firm and flat surface, and set rolling without slipping on the surface so that the angular speed about the axis of the rod is ω . The angular momentum of the entire assembly about the point 'O' is \vec{L} (see the figure). Which of the following statement(s) is(are) true?



- (A) The magnitude of the z-component of \vec{L} is $55 ma^2 \omega$
- (B) The center of mass of the assembly rotates about the z-axis with an angular speed of $\omega/5$
- (C) The magnitude of angular momentum of center of mass of the assembly about the point O is $81ma^2\omega$
- (D) The magnitude of angular momentum of the assembly about its center of mass is 17 ma²ω/2

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 12)

- This section contains TWO paragraphs.
- Based on each paragraph, there are TWO questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is correct.
- For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct option in the ORS.
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks : +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened.

Zero Marks: 0 In all other cases.

Space for rough work

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PARAGRAPH 1

A frame of reference that is accelerated with respect to an inertial frame of reference is called a non-inertial frame of reference. A coordinate system fixed on a circular disc rotating about a fixed axis with a constant angular velocity ω is an example of a non-inertial frame of reference.

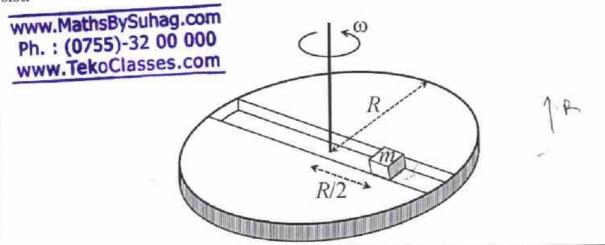
The relationship between the force \vec{F}_{rot} experienced by a particle of mass m moving on the rotating disc and the force \vec{F}_{in} experienced by the particle in an inertial frame of reference is

$$\vec{F}_{\rm rot} = \vec{F}_{\rm in} + 2m(\vec{v}_{\rm rot} \times \vec{\omega}) + m(\vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}) \times \vec{\omega},$$

where $\vec{v}_{\rm rot}$ is the velocity of the particle in the rotating frame of reference and \vec{r} is the position vector of the particle with respect to the centre of the disc.

Now consider a smooth slot along a diameter of a disc of radius R rotating counter-clockwise with a constant angular speed ω about its vertical axis through its center. We assign a coordinate system with the origin at the center of the disc, the x-axis along the slot, the y-axis perpendicular to the slot and the z-axis along the rotation axis $(\vec{\omega} = \omega \hat{k})$. A small block of mass

m is gently placed in the slot at $\vec{r} = (R/2)\hat{i}$ at t = 0 and is constrained to move only along the slot.



The distance r of the block at time t is

(A)
$$\frac{R}{2}\cos 2\omega t$$

(B)
$$\frac{R}{4}(e^{\omega t} + e^{-\omega t})$$

(C)
$$\frac{R}{2}\cos\omega t$$

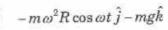
The distance
$$r$$
 of the block at time t is
(A) $\frac{R}{2}\cos 2\omega t$ (B) $\frac{R}{4}(e^{\omega t}+e^{-\omega t})$ (C) $\frac{R}{2}\cos \omega t$ (D) $\frac{R}{4}(e^{2\omega t}+e^{-2\omega t})$

Q.16 The net reaction of the disc on the block is

(A)
$$m\omega^2 R \sin \omega t \hat{j} - mg\hat{k}$$

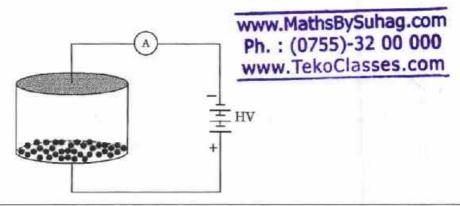
$${\rm (B)} \quad \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 R(e^{2\omega t} - e^{-2\omega t}) \hat{\vec{j}} + mg\hat{k}$$

 $(2) \frac{1}{2}m\omega^{2}R(e^{\omega t}-e^{-\omega t})\hat{j}+mg\hat{k} \qquad (2) -m\omega^{2}R\cos\omega t\hat{j}-mg\hat{k}$



PARAGRAPH 2

Consider an evacuated cylindrical chamber of height h having rigid conducting plates at the ends and an insulating curved surface as shown in the figure. A number of spherical balls made of a light weight and soft material and coated with a conducting material are placed on the bottom plate. The balls have a radius $r \ll h$. Now a high voltage source (HV) is connected across the conducting plates such that the bottom plate is at $+V_0$ and the top plate at $-V_0$. Due to their conducting surface, the balls will get charged, will become equipotential with the plate and are repelled by it. The balls will eventually collide with the top plate, where the coefficient of restitution can be taken to be zero due to the soft nature of the material of the balls. The electric field in the chamber can be considered to be that of a parallel plate capacitor. Assume that there are no collisions between the balls and the interaction between them is negligible. (Ignore gravity)



- Q.17 Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - (A) The balls will execute simple harmonic motion between the two plates
 - (B) The balls will stick to the top plate and remain there
 - The balls will bounce back to the bottom plate carrying the same charge they went up with

 The balls will bounce back to the bottom plate carrying the opposite charge they went up with
- Q.18 The average current in the steady state registered by the ammeter in the circuit will be
 - (A) proportional to V_0^2

(B) zero

- (C) proportional to the potential V₀
- (D) proportional to $V_0^{1/2}$

END OF PART I: PHYSICS

PART II: CHEMISTRY

SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks: 18)

- This section contains SIX questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is correct.
- For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct option in the ORS.
- · For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks

: +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened.

Zero Marks

: 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened.

Negative Marks : -1 In all other cases.

- Q.19 The geometries of the ammonia complexes of Ni2+, Pt2+ and Zn2+, respectively, are
 - (A) octahedral, square planar and tetrahedral
 - (B) square planar, octahedral and tetrahedral
 - (C) tetrahedral, square planar and octahedral
 - (D) octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar
- Q.20 The correct order of acidity for the following compounds is

- (A) 1 > 11 > 111 > 10
- (C) |I| > |V| > |I| > 1

(B) ||| > || > || > || V

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Q.21 For the following electrochemical cell at 298 K,

$$\operatorname{Pt}(s) \Big| \operatorname{H}_2(g, 1 \operatorname{bar}) \Big| \operatorname{H}^+(aq, 1 \operatorname{M}) \, \Big| \, \operatorname{M}^{4+}(aq), \operatorname{M}^{2+}(aq) \, \Big| \operatorname{Pt}(s)$$

$$E_{cell} = 0.092 \, \mathrm{V} \, \mathrm{when} \, \frac{\left[\mathrm{M}^{2+}(aq)\right]}{\left[\mathrm{M}^{4+}(aq)\right]} = 10^{x} \, .$$

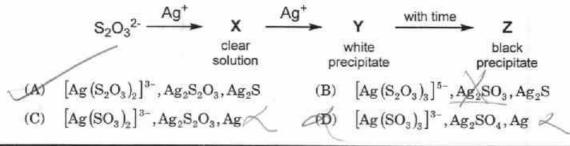
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Given:
$$E_{M^{4+}/M^{2+}}^0 = 0.151 \text{ V}; 2.303 \frac{RT}{F} = 0.059 \text{ V}$$

Given: $E_{M^{4+}/M^{2+}}^{0} = 0.151 \text{ V}; 2.303 \frac{RT}{E} = 0.059 \text{ V}$ www.TekoClasses.com

The value of x is

In the following reaction sequence in aqueous solution, the species X, Y and Z, respectively, Q.22



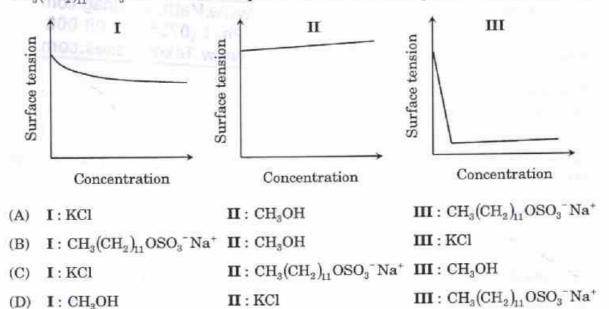
$$0.191 = 0.151 - 0.059 \log \lambda$$

$$0.092 = \log$$

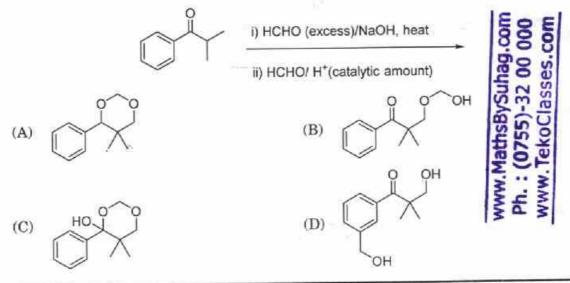
$$0.092$$

$$0.092$$

Q.23 The qualitative sketches I, II and III given below show the variation of surface tension with molar concentration of three different aqueous solutions of KCl, CH₃OH and CH₃(CH₂)₁₁OSO₃ Na⁺ at room temperature. The correct assignment of the sketches is



Q.24 The major product of the following reaction sequence is



Space for rough work

SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks: 32)

- This section contains EIGHT questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four option(s) is(are) correct.
- For each question, darken the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s) in the ORS.
- · For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks

: +4 If only the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s) is(are) darkened.

Partial Marks

: +1 For darkening a bubble corresponding to each correct option, provided NO incorrect option is darkened.

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Zero Marks

: 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened.

Negative Marks: -2 In all other cases.

- For example, if (A), (C) and (D) are all the correct options for a question, darkening all
 these three will result in +4 marks; darkening only (A) and (D) will result in +2 marks; and
 darkening (A) and (B) will result in -2 marks, as a wrong option is also darkened.
- Q.25 According to Molecular Orbital Theory,

(A) C22- is expected to be diamagnetic

(B) O_2^{2+} is expected to have a longer bond length than O_2

(C) N2+ and N2 have the same bond order

- (D) He2+ has the same energy as two isolated He atoms
- (Q.26) The nitrogen containing compound produced in the reaction of HNO₃ with P_4O_{10}
 - (A) can also be prepared by reaction of P₄ and HNO₃
 - (B) is diamagnetic

(2) contains one N-N bond

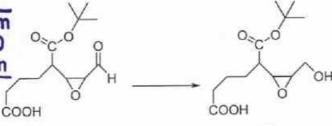
(D) reacts with Na metal producing a brown gas

Space for rough work

H3PO4+ANO3

- Q.27 Extraction of copper from copper pyrite (CuFeS2) involves
 - (A) erushing followed by concentration of the ore by froth-flotation
 - (B) removal of iron as slag
 - (C) self-reduction step to produce 'blister copper' following evolution of SO2
 - (D) refining of 'blister copper' by carbon reduction
- Q.28 Reagent(s) which can be used to bring about the following transformation is(are)

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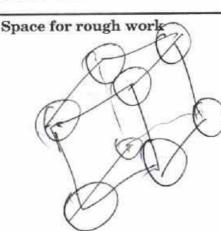


- (A)/ LiAlH₄ in $(C_2H_5)_2O$
- (Ø) NaBH₄ in C₂H₅OH

- (B) BH₃ in THF
- (D) Raney Ni/H2 in THF
- Q.29 Mixture(s) showing positive deviation from Raoult's law at 35 °C is(are)
 - (A) carbon tetrachloride + methanol
- (B)/ carbon disulphide + acetone

(C) benzene + toluene

- (D) phenol + aniline
- Q.30 The CORRECT statement(s) for cubic close packed (ccp) three dimensional structure is(are)
 - (A) The number of the nearest neighbours of an atom present in the topmost layer is 12
 - (B) The efficiency of atom packing is 74%
 - (C) The number of octahedral and tetrahedral voids per atom are 1 and 2, respectively
 - (D) The unit cell edge length is $2\sqrt{2}$ times the radius of the atom



Q.31 For 'invert sugar', the correct statement(s) is(are)

(Given: specific rotations of (+)-sucrose, (+)-maltose, L-(-)-glucose and L-(+)-fructose in aqueous solution are $+66^{\circ}$, $+140^{\circ}$, -52° and $+92^{\circ}$, respectively)

- (A) /invert sugar' is prepared by acid catalyzed hydrolysis of maltose
- (B) 'invert sugar' is an equimolar mixture of D-(+)-glucose and D-(-)-fructose
- (C) specific rotation of 'invert sugar' is -20°
- (D) on reaction with Br₂ water, 'invert sugar' forms saccharic acid as one of the products
- Q.32 Among the following, reaction(s) which gives(give) tert-butyl benzene as the major product is(are)

Space for rough work



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SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 12)

- This section contains TWO paragraphs.
- Based on each paragraph, there are TWO questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is
- For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct option in the ORS.
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

: +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened. Full Marks

Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.

PARAGRAPH 1

Thermal decomposition of gaseous X2 to gaseous X at 298 K takes place according to the following equation:

$$X_2(g) \iff 2X(g)$$

The standard reaction Gibbs energy, $\Delta_r G^{\circ}$, of this reaction is positive. At the start of the reaction, there is one mole of X2 and no X. As the reaction proceeds, the number of moles of X formed is given by β . Thus, $\beta_{equilibrium}$ is the number of moles of X formed at equilibrium. The reaction is carried out at a constant total pressure of 2 bar. Consider the gases to behave ideally. (Given: $R = 0.083 \text{ L bar } \text{K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$)

The equilibrium constant K_p for this reaction at 298 K, in terms of $\beta_{equilibrium}$, is

(A)
$$\frac{8\beta_{equilibrium}^2}{2 - \beta_{equilibrium}}$$
 (B) $\frac{8\beta_{equilibrium}^2}{4 - \beta_{equilibrium}^2}$ (C) $\frac{4\beta_{equilibrium}^2}{2 - \beta_{equilibrium}}$ (D) $\frac{4\beta_{equilibrium}^2}{4 - \beta_{equilibrium}^2}$

$$\frac{8\beta_{equilibrium}^2}{1-\beta_{equilibrium}^2}$$
 (c) $\frac{4\beta_{equilibrium}^2}{2-\beta_{equilibrium}}$

(D)
$$\frac{4\beta_{equilibrium}^2}{4 - \beta_{equilibrium}^2}$$

Q.34 The INCORRECT statement among the following, for this reaction, is

(A) Decrease in the total pressure will result in formation of more moles of gaseous X At the start of the reaction, dissociation of gaseous X2 takes place spontaneously

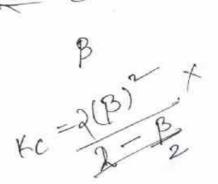
(D) K_C < 1 0

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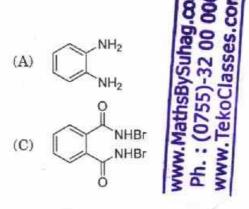


PARAGRAPH 2

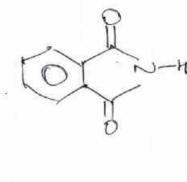
Treatment of compound O with $KMnO_4/H^+$ gave P, which on heating with ammonia gave Q. The compound Q on treatment with $Br_2/NaOH$ produced R. On strong heating, Q gave S, which on further treatment with ethyl 2-bromopropanoate in the presence of KOH followed by acidification, gave a compound T.

(O) ON OU OU .

Q.35 The compound R is







Q.36 The compound T is

(A) glycine

(B) alanine

(C) valine

(D) serine

END OF PART II: CHEMISTRY

Space for rough work

PART III: MATHEMATICS

SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks: 18)

- This section contains SIX questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is correct.
- For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct option in the ORS.
- For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

: +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened.

Zero Marks

0 If none of the bubbles is darkened.

Negative Marks: -1 In all other cases.

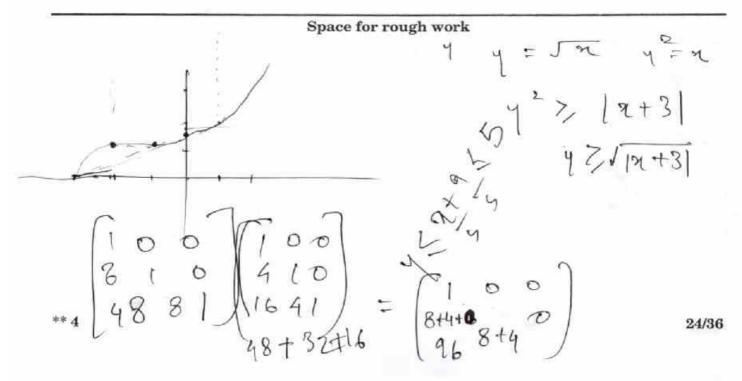
- Q.37 Area of the region $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y \ge \sqrt{|x+3|}, 5y \le x + 9 \le 15\}$ is equal to
- (B) $\frac{4}{3}$ (C) $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{5}{3}$ (D) $\frac{5}{3}$
- Q.38 The value of $\sum_{k=1}^{13} \frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{(k-1)\pi}{6}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{k\pi}{6}\right)}$ is equal to

 - (A) $3-\sqrt{3}$ (B) $2(3-\sqrt{3})$ (C) $2(\sqrt{3}-1)$
- Q.39 Let $b_i > 1$ for i = 1, 2, ..., 101. Suppose $\log_e b_1, \log_e b_2, ..., \log_e b_{101}$ are in Arithmetic Progression (A.P.) with the common difference $\log_e 2$. Suppose $a_1, a_2, ..., a_{101}$ are in A.P. such that $a_1 = b_1$ and $a_{51} = b_{51}$. If $t = b_1 + b_2 + \cdots + b_{51}$ and $s = a_1 + a_2 + \cdots + a_{51}$, then
 - (A) s > t and $a_{101} > b_{101}$

(B) s > t and $a_{101} < b_{101}$

(C) $s < t \text{ and } a_{101} > b_{101}$

(D) s < t and $a_{101} < b_{101}$



- Q.40 Let P be the image of the point (3, 1, 7) with respect to the plane x y + z = 3. Then the equation of the plane passing through P and containing the straight line $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z}{1}$ is
 - $(A) \quad x + y 3z = 0$

(B) 3x + z = 0

(C) x-4y+7z=0

- (D) 2x y = 0
- Q.41 Let $P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 16 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and I be the identity matrix of order 3. If $Q = [q_{ij}]$ is a matrix such that

 $P^{50} - Q = I$, then $\frac{q_{31} + q_{32}}{q_{21}}$ equals

- (A) 52
- (B) 103
- (C) 201
- (D) 205

Q.42 The value of $\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x^2 \cos x}{1 + e^x} dx$ is equal to

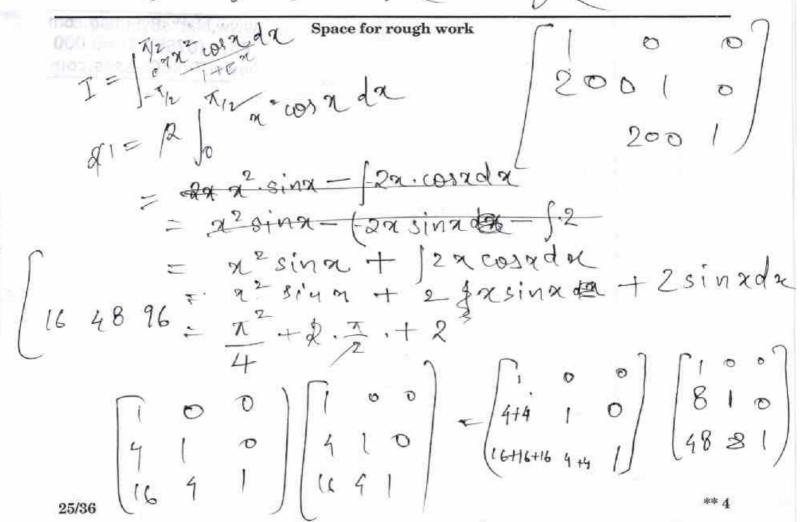
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(A) $\frac{\pi^2}{4} - 2$

(B) $\frac{\pi^2}{4} + 2$

 $\pi^2 - e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$

 $(90) \quad \pi^2 + e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$



SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks: 32)

This section contains EIGHT questions.

- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONE OR MORE THAN ONE of these four option(s) is(are) correct.
- For each question, darken the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s) in the ORS.

For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

If only the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s) Full Marks

is(are) darkened.

For darkening a bubble corresponding to each correct option, Partial Marks : +1

provided NO incorrect option is darkened.

Zero Marks If none of the bubbles is darkened. 0

Negative Marks : -2 In all other cases.

For example, if (A), (C) and (D) are all the correct options for a question, darkening all these three will result in +4 marks; darkening only (A) and (D) will result in +2 marks; and darkening (A) and (B) will result in -2 marks, as a wrong option is also darkened.

Q.43 Let
$$f(x) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(\frac{n^n (x+n)(x+\frac{n}{2}) \cdots (x+\frac{n}{n})}{n! (x^2+n^2)(x^2+\frac{n^2}{4}) \cdots (x^2+\frac{n^2}{n^2})} \right)^{\frac{x}{n}}$$
, for all $x > 0$. Then

(A)
$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \ge f(1)$$

(B)
$$f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \le f\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

(B) $f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \le f\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ **www.MathsBySuhag.com Ph.**: **(0755)-32** 00 000 (D) $\frac{f'(3)}{f(3)} \ge \frac{f'(2)}{f(2)}$ www.TekoClasses.com

(C)
$$f'(2) \le 0$$

(D)
$$\frac{f'(3)}{f(3)} \ge \frac{f'(2)}{f(2)}$$

Q.44 Let $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ and $a^2 + b^2 \neq 0$. Suppose $S = \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C} : z = \frac{1}{\alpha + ibt}, t \in \mathbb{R}, t \neq 0 \right\}$, where $i = \sqrt{-1}$. If z = x + iy and $z \in S$, then (x, y) lies on

(A) the circle with radius
$$\frac{1}{2a}$$
 and centre $\left(\frac{1}{2a},0\right)$ for $a>0, b\neq 0$

(B) the circle with radius
$$-\frac{1}{2a}$$
 and centre $\left(-\frac{1}{2a},0\right)$ for $a<0,b\neq0$

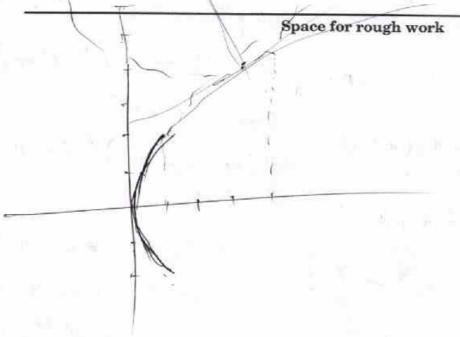
- (C) the x-axis for a ≠ 0, b = 0
- (D) the y-axis for $a = 0, b \neq 0$

- Q.45 Let $f: \mathbb{R} \to (0, \infty)$ and $g: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be twice differentiable functions such that f'' and g'' are continuous functions on \mathbb{R} . Suppose f'(2) = g(2) = 0, $f''(2) \neq 0$ and $g'(2) \neq 0$. If $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{f(x)g(x)}{f'(x)g'(x)} = 1$, then
 - (A) f has a local minimum at x = 2
 - (B) f has a local maximum at x = 2
 - (C) f''(2) > f(2)
 - (D) f(x) f''(x) = 0 for at least one $x \in \mathbb{R}$
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- Q.46 Let P be the point on the parabola $y^2 = 4x$ which is at the shortest distance from the center S of the circle $x^2 + y^2 4x 16y + 64 = 0$. Let Q be the point on the circle dividing the line segment SP internally. Then

 (A) $SP = 2\sqrt{5}$
 - (A) $SP = 2\sqrt{5}$

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- (B) $SQ:QP = (\sqrt{5}+1):2$
- (C) the x-intercept of the normal to the parabola at P is 6
- (D) the slope of the tangent to the circle at Q is $\frac{1}{2}$



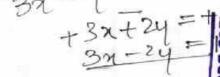
Q.47 Let $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ and $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be defined by $f(x) = a\cos(|x^3 - x|) + b|x|\sin(|x^3 + x|)$. Then f is (12) 8in/23tal) (A) differentiable at x = 0 if a = 0 and b = 1differentiable at x = 1 if a = 1 and b = 0**NOT** differentiable at x = 0 if a = 1 and b = 0**NOT** differentiable at x = 1 if $\alpha = 1$ and b = 1Q.48 Let $\hat{u} = u_1\hat{i} + u_2\hat{j} + u_3\hat{k}$ be a unit vector in \mathbb{R}^3 and $\hat{w} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$. Given that there exists a vector \vec{v} in \mathbb{R}^3 such that $|\hat{u} \times \vec{v}| = 1$ and $\hat{w} \cdot (\hat{u} \times \vec{v}) = 1$. Which of the following statement(s) www.MathsBySuhag.com is(are) correct? Ph.: (0755)-32 00 900 There is exactly one choice for such v www.TekoClasses.com There are infinitely many choices for such \vec{v} If \hat{u} lies in the xy-plane then $|u_1| = |u_2|$ If \hat{u} lies in the xz-plane then $2|u_1| = |u_2|$ Space for rough work ws (2 - 2) cos (| x 5 - x |) -- sin (x3-x)(3x2-1) cos (x(x-1)(x+1)) -sin(2-23)(cos (25-7) + 62 sin (45+2) -sin(23-2) -- + sin(28+2) t (0) (n3+2) cos (n'3-2) + 2 sin(23+2) - cos (i (242- 1/3)+ 3 (241 - 42)+ k

Q.49 Let $a, \lambda, \mu \in \mathbb{R}$. Consider the system of linear equations

$$\alpha x + 2y = \lambda$$

$$3x - 2y = \mu$$

Which of the following statement(s) is(are) correct?



If a = -3, then the system has infinitely many solutions for all values of λ and μ

(B) If $\alpha \neq -3$, then the system has a unique solution for all values of λ and μ

(C) If $\lambda + \mu = 0$, then the system has infinitely many solutions for a = -3

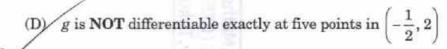
(D) If $\lambda + \mu \neq 0$, then the system has no solution for $\alpha = -3$

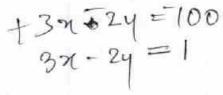
Q.50 Let $f: \left[-\frac{1}{2}, 2\right] \to \mathbb{R}$ and $g: \left[-\frac{1}{2}, 2\right] \to \mathbb{R}$ be functions defined by $f(x) = [x^2 - 3]$ and g(x) = |x| |f(x)| + |4x - 7| |f(x)|, where [y] denotes the greatest integer less than or equal to y for $y \in \mathbb{R}$. Then

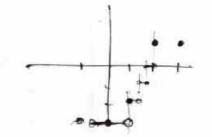
(A) f is discontinuous exactly at three points in $\left[-\frac{1}{2}, 2\right]$

(B) f is discontinuous exactly at four points in $\left[-\frac{1}{2}, 2\right]$

(C) g is **NOT** differentiable exactly at four points in $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2\right)$







n Sin (n3+n) Space for rough work

nsin(22+ 21)+ sin (23+2) (3x2+1)

sin2+40032. (322+1) a)

RAL of sin (123+21) sin (23+2) + 2 (05 (23+2). (322+1)

b) cos (23-2)

 $(\frac{2}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{2}$

41 -U2 V6 29/36 c) e cos (x-x2)
-sin(x-x3).(1-3x2)

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 12)

- This section contains TWO paragraphs.
- Based on each paragraph, there are TWO questions.
- Each question has FOUR options (A), (B), (C) and (D). ONLY ONE of these four options is correct.
- For each question, darken the bubble corresponding to the correct option in the ORS.
- · For each question, marks will be awarded in one of the following categories:

Full Marks : +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened.

Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.

PARAGRAPH 1

Football teams T_1 and T_2 have to play two games against each other. It is assumed that the outcomes of the two games are independent. The probabilities of T_1 winning, drawing and losing a game against T_2 are $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$, respectively. Each team gets 3 points for a win, 1 point for a draw and 0 point for a loss in a game. Let X and Y denote the total points scored by teams T_1 and T_2 , respectively, after two games.

- Q.51 P(X>Y) is
 - (A) $\frac{1}{4}$
- (B) $\frac{5}{12}$
- (C) $\frac{1}{2}$
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- Q.52 P(X=Y) is
 - (A) $\frac{11}{36}$
- (B) $\frac{1}{3}$
- (C) $\frac{13}{36}$
- (D) $\frac{1}{2}$

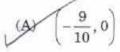
Space for rough work

 $\frac{459}{22(7)} = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{6} \times 4.5 = \frac{1}{2} \times 4.5 = \frac{1}{2$

PARAGRAPH 2

Let $F_1(x_1, 0)$ and $F_2(x_2, 0)$, for $x_1 < 0$ and $x_2 > 0$, be the foci of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{8} = 1$. Suppose a parabola having vertex at the origin and focus at F_2 intersects the ellipse at point M in the first quadrant and at point N in the fourth quadrant.

Q.53 The orthocentre of the triangle F_1MN is







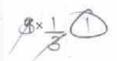


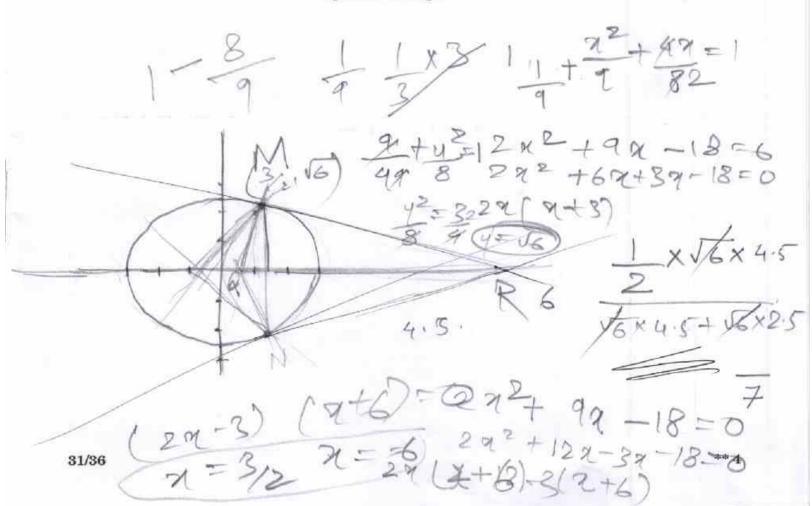
- Q.54 If the tangents to the ellipse at M and N meet at R and the normal to the parabola at M meets the x-axis at Q, then the ratio of area of the triangle MQR to area of the quadrilateral MF_1NF_2 is
 - (A) 3:4



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END OF THE QUESTION PAPER





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QUESTION PAPER FORMAT AND MARKING SCHEME

20. The question paper has three parts: Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics.

21. Each part has three sections as detailed in the following table:

| Section | Question Type | Number of Questions | Category-wise Marks for Each Question | | | | Maximum |
|---------|--|------------------------|---|--|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | Full Marks | Partial Marks | Zero Marks | Negative Marks | Marks of the Section |
| 1 | Single Carrect Option | 6 | +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened | | 0 If none of the bubbles is darkened | -1 In all other cases | 16 |
| 2 | One or more correct option(s) | 8 | +4 If only the bubble(s) corresponding to all the correct option(s) is(are) darkened | +1 For darkening a bubble corresponding to each correct option, provided NO incorrect option is darkened | If none of the bubbles is darkened | -2 In all other cases | 32 |
| 3 | Compre- hension | 4 | +3 If only the bubble corresponding to the correct option is darkened | | 0 In all other cases | | 12 |

Arjit Gisadkas

| NAME OF THE CANDIDAT | |
|----------------------|--|

ROLL NO 4005189

I have read all the instructions and shall abide by them.

Signature of the Candidate

Quad Kar

I have verified the identity, name and roll number of the candidate, and that question paper and ORS codes are the same.

Signature of the Invigilator

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